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FROM ROGITZ 619 338 8078

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**Remarks** 

Reconsideration of the above-captioned application is respectfully requested. The Section 101 rejection

has been overcome by the amendments herein, leaving only the rejections of all pending claims (1-5) under

35 U.S.C. §102 as being anticipated by Kermani, USPN 6,895,514.

As now amended, Claim 1 recites comparing the sequence with a sequence from the reference unique

identifier to render a sequence comparison as disclosed on, e.g., page 8 of the specification, fourth full

paragraph. Claim I now also more particularly defines the relative inter-keystroke interval of both the input

received from the user and the relative interval of the reference identifier to which the received identifier is

compared. Page 9, first full paragraph of the present specification provides support for this latter amendment.

Claim 1 has also been amended to provide improved antecedent basis for claim terms, and to broaden the

claim in some respects. New Claims 6-10 have been introduced to more completely focus on various

inventive aspects set forth in the specification.

To support an anticipation rejection, every claim element must be taught or inherent in a single prior

art reference, Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP) §2131. Furthermore, to anticipate, a reference

must be enabling, Akzo N.V. v. U.S. ITC, 808 F.2d 1471 (Fed. Cir. 1986); see also MPEP §2131.01.

· At col. 2, lines 49-60 Kermani perhaps best explains that it uses two weighted password parameters,

namely, character sequence, and the absolute time between characters, to determine whether to pass or fail the

input string. In other words, even if the password sequence is not exactly correct, access will still be granted

by Kermani if the timing between characters is sufficiently accurate. These are the only two tests Kermani

uses, in contrast to, e.g., the three tests of Claim 1.

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In further contrast to Kermani, Claim 1 and new independent Claim 6 both recite a concept not

explored or contemplated by Kermani, namely, a relative comparison in which a ratio between intervals in a

received password is compared against a corresponding ratio in the reference password. The portions of

Kermani cited in various places of the Office Action as teachings of relative intervals, namely, col. 2, lines

49-53, col. 3, lines 32-38, col. 4, lines 30-38, col. 5, lines 23-28, and col. 7, lines 24-31 nowhere mention the

concept of ratios much less relative intervals as now claimed.

With greater specificity, col. 2, lines 49-53 of Kermani simply teaches setting a similarity threshold

between the entered and stored passwords. Col. 3, lines 32-38 teach merely that the character sequence of

a received password in the past has been compared to an expected sequence. Kermani, col. 4, lines 30-38 are

of no further avail since all this portion discusses is how the reference absolute time between strokes is

determined from an average of a training set of input passwords. Col. 5, lines 23-28 discuss the keystroke

sequence test of Kermani, not the absolute timing test, while col. 7, lines 24-31 discusses the relative

weighting between the sequence test and absolute timing test of Kermani.

Accordingly, because Kermani fails to teach or suggest the relative interval limitation of the present

claims, much less enable it under Akzo, Claims 1-10 are patentable over Kermani.

The Examiner is cordially invited to telephone the undersigned at (619) 338-8075 for any reason which

would advance the instant application to allowance.

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